

## THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 28.

Reform at Washington is still in the rear. In fact it does not try to get to the front.

The Wisconsin assembly did a good day's work on Thursday. It indefinitely postponed seven bills. This is the right kind of a beginning.

The business of the United States supreme court is four years behind, and still no effort is made on the part of congress to grant relief.

Secretary Bayard has sent to England for an artist to paint his portrait. American artists are not good enough for a portrait of such a statesman.

Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, is raving for blood. If he will just step over the border he may find a Canuck that will accommodate him on short notice.

The president says he can not understand the inter-state commerce bill. That is not strange. The best men in the senate can not understand it. They want it closed when they voted for it.

The democratic Cincinnati Enquirer, makes this melancholy reflection: "It is not at all probable that the time will ever again come in this country when you can buy whisky at fifteen cents a gallon." Probably not, and this is a great disappointment to the democratic party.

A southern compliment for Colonel William F. Vilas, of Wisconsin: "While the accomplished postmaster general is wearing his spike-toed coat to reception, the great south, from Washington to New Orleans, is suffering for the lack of fast mail facilities." This is from the Atlanta Constitution which does not seem to appreciate the Jeffersonian simplicity of this reform administration.

One of the most suggestive tables in the Tribune Almanac for 1887, is the exhibit given on page 40 of the classification into geographical divisions of the illiterate population of the United States. In twelve southern and southwestern states there are 4,297,393 "illiterates," one-third of whom are whites, out of an aggregate population of 14,639,936. In ten western and northwestern states with a total population of 17,238,634, there are only 545,199 "illiterates," and the comparisons with the New England, Middle and Pacific groups are equally startling. Such tables as this throw needed light upon controversies respecting national educational measures.

The democrats in the house of representatives propose to pass the senate bills for the admission of Washington and Montana territories, but they refuse to take action on the one for the admission of Dakota. And yet the southern half of Dakota has a larger population than the other two territories combined. For the instruction of its children Dakota employs twice as many teachers as either Connecticut, New Jersey, Maryland, Arkansas, South Carolina or New Jersey, Maryland, Arkansas, South Carolina or New Hampshire; Louisiana is not one-fourth as many, and Florida not more than one-sixth. Thirteen states have each fewer schoolhouses. Of course, Dakota is a strongly republican, and that is the sole and only reason of its shameful treatment by a democratic house of representatives.

The Milwaukee Sentinel in speaking of the Gogebie creeze, very wisely says: "The existence of large deposits of valuable iron ore in what is called the Gogebie district and vicinity in northern Wisconsin, is an undisputed fact. Several mines have been opened in the district which have already turned out a large quantity of ore, and have proved profitable investments to their owners." Another fact, which is equally indisputable, is that a great number of mining companies of a purely speculative character have been organized, and stock issued by them is being sold in large quantities. Possibly the stock of some of these companies may prove valuable, but the chance is about as remote as that a lottery ticket will draw a prize." And the saddest feature of the case is that the speculation involves those who can least afford to lose money."

### THE REGISTER IN PROBATE.

The bill which Mr. Winsor introduced in the assembly providing for a register in probate, reads as follows: Section 1. The county judge of the county of Rock may appoint from time to time, subject to removal, a competent person to record the proceedings of the county court of Rock county, and the persons so appointed shall be officially styled register in probate. Such register in probate shall before entering upon the duties of his office, take and subscribe the constitutional oath of office and file the same in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county of Rock, and shall execute to the county of Rock a bond in the sum of one thousand dollars, with two or more sureties to be approved by said county judge conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties required by law to be performed by such register in probate which bond shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Rock. The bill will become a law at an early day, as there will be no opposition to it, and further that the assistance of a register is very much needed.

### THE PRESIDENT DEFEATED.

Mr. J. C. Matthews, colored, who has been twice rejected by the senate as register of deeds for the District of Columbia, will now retire from the field, and the president will be compelled to nominate another man. Mr. Cleveland feels disappointed over the failure of Matthews, and is compelled to retreat in a way which is humiliating to him. There seems to be a disposition to give that office to men of color. Mr. Fred Douglass had it for several years, then he

was succeeded by Matthews, and now that the latter has failed of confirmation, it is thought that Mr. Cleveland will name William H. Smith, another colored man, who has been assistant librarian of the house of representatives since 1863. It is said that Smith first went into the library as a messenger, when he had just been released from slavery, and was so ignorant that he could not read the title of the books. A dispatch from Washington to the Milwaukee Sentinel, says that Smith "is so familiar with the contents of the books in the library that the members of congress consult him for authorities during debates, and often send for him to furnish them material for their speeches. Mr. Blaine is credited with having said that Smith was the most useful man at the capitol," and he tells a story about sending him for historical data once, when he wanted for immediate use. Smith told Mr. Blaine that the authorities he called for were worthless and had been exploded. Mr. Blaine insisted upon having the books and Smith sent them. At the same time, however, he furnished Mr. Blaine with other material of which he was ignorant and which he used instead of his notes. When the democratic came into power, the Forty-fourth congress Smith was dismissed with all the other employees of the previous house, but the old members found they could not get along without him and had him restored. A clause was inserted in the next appropriation bill which prohibited his discharge again."

"This is just the kind of a man that should be honored with positions under this government; and if the president wants to set on the principle that public office is a public trust, he should appoint Smith to the recordership. But on second thought the president may not give him the appointment, not because he is colored or that he is not efficient, but because he is a republican. Let us see, in this case, how far the president dare go in opposition to principle of the democratic party, that to the victors belong the spoils."

### DON'T DESTROY YOUR MARKET.

There is a powerful meaning in the word "protection" when applied to home industry. It has done more to build up the manufacturing of this country than any other agency, and yet there are public men and professional politicians who are crying "Down with the tariff!" The whole country has felt the crushing effects of hard times during the past two years. Among the iron mills, especially, the depression was a sort of a calamity. But times are improving. The present year opens most auspiciously for the iron trade of the country, and whether it will so continue, must depend upon the intelligence and fidelity with which our producers protect their own market. With an increase of over 1,500,000 tons of pig iron last year over 1885; an increase of 500,000 tons of steel ingots; an increase of 600,000 tons of steel rails and an increase of 1,000,000 tons of open hearth steel, there were 1,000,000 tons of iron imported in 1886; and whether there shall be much or little European iron thrown upon our market this year, will depend wholly upon whether our iron producers shall protect or destroy their own market. Now as in 1881-2, the demand for iron is so great that higher prices could probably be commanded by concentrated effort to advance them; but now as then, any material advance would simply repeat gliding importations from Europe, and repeat the destruction of both our market and our producers.

On this point the Philadelphia Times, which is democratic, is trying to teach the democratic leaders a lesson, and on the subject of iron, says: "Don't destroy your own market. The iron men of this country must see the cloud as yet not bigger than a man's hand, that is visible from the smoke stacks of Birmingham and other points in the south, and it would be simply madman's madness to invite enlarged importation of foreign iron for the temporary gratification of greed. Every ton of European iron sent to our shores is just so much labor and profit lost forever to American producers, and with ample protection under our tariff laws, there can be no large importation of foreign iron unless our producers insensibly destroy their own market. Moderate profits and permanent trade must be the motto of the iron industry of our country as it is in all other channels of legitimate industry and trade, and there is no free trader in the land who could so strongly advocate his destructive cause as can the iron men themselves by advanced prices which elude protection, force large importations, destroy our market, make our capital profitless and paralyze our labor. Don't destroy your market!"

And yet the democratic policy is to do that very thing to increase the importations of iron by making that article free as regards duty.

"Conspiracies no sooner should be formed than executed," and a cold should no sooner be taken than a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup should be bought and used according to the directions.

Good Results in Every Case. D. A. Bradford, wholesale paper dealer of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes that he was seriously afflicted with a severe cold that settled on his lungs; had tried many remedies without benefit. Being introduced to Dr. J. C. New Discovery for consumption, he at once was entirely cured by use of a few bottles. Since which time he has used it in his family for all coughs and colds with best results. This is the experience of thousands whose lives have been saved by this wonderful discovery. Trial bottles free at Frank Shore & Co.'s drug store.

If you would enjoy your dinner and are troubled by Dyspepsia, use Archer's Dyspepsia Tablets. They are a positive cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. We guarantee them. 25 and 50 cents. Prentice & Evenson, druggist O P

### ALONG THE SHORE.

AN EMBARGO ON BUSINESS ALONG NEW YORK WHARVES.

Thirty Thousand Men Join the Fight of the Coal-Handlers—Ocean Traffic Almost Paralyzed by the Movement—A Meeting of the Strikers Takes a Whisk at the Pinkerton Men—Labor Notes.

New York, Jan. 28.—The order for a general strike of longshoremen, etc., was given Wednesday night by the Longshoremen's union, and backed by District assembly No. 40, K. of L., and Thursday morning the men did not go to work, the purpose being to remain out for three days. Beach-walkers were sent out to cover all the various points on the river fronts where the trouble was concentrated, and they had particular instructions to keep every minute in preventing any disturbance. The men were considerably elated at the favorable reports that the walking delegates brought in. One delegate from the North river front stated that not a single steamer had been able to take in its regular supply of coal, and consequently would not be able to sail on the day appointed.

At the Canal dock the Gallia could not be discharged because the majority of the stevedores turned out. There are a number of men working by the month for this company and they may turn out at any moment. The next move will be to get the engineers on the tug-boats to refuse to burn the coal so long as the coal supply will be completed to quit work.

The ferryboats are seriously inconvenienced on account of the lack of coal, and one line had out grocery and other wares bringing coal from the small yards, but when they came round so often the dealers refused to sell. The coal managers of this city state that no meeting has been called to consider prices, and that no advance will be made, no matter what prices coal reaches here. They say they will sell all the coal wanted at their docks on the basis of \$4.25 for stove size.

Some of the men are not in favor of the strike, but the majority express their determination to stand by the union's decision. The strikers believe the dispute will be settled before the end of the third day. It is estimated that the number of longshoremen, coal handlers, coal-boatmen, pilots, tug-boatmen, coal-trimmers, and other common laborers in this vicinity are 20,000, divided as follows: New York city, 10,000; Brooklyn, 8,000; Jersey City, Hoboken, Weehawken, and interior points of New Jersey, 7,000.

Steamships will probably be unable to leave port for two or three days at least. It is stated that the pilots who belong to district assembly No. 40, K. of L. have agreed not to pilot a vessel out of port that has non-union coal or men aboard. At a conference between the executive board of assembly No. 40 and District Master Workmen Owens, of Poughkeepsie, it was decided to ask all knights employed on the New York Central railroad to refuse to handle boycotted coal. A great deal of coal has been coming into the city over the New York Central from Newburgh, where it is, brought by the Erie railroad. There are rumors that the railroad and coal companies are taking steps to have the leaders of the Knights of Labor arrested for conspiracy.

A mass-meeting of workmen was held at the Cooper Union Thursday evening to protest against the action of the coal managers and steamship companies and to take measures that will lead to a speedy settlement of the present difficulty. About 5,000 persons were present, and a large police force was on hand to preserve order. Hugh Grenon presided. He denounced Pinkerton's men for committing murder, and said the workmen must keep on organizing. The first speaker, Victory Drury, said the workmen believe in speaking for themselves, working for themselves, fighting for themselves.

### AN INCIDENT OF A LOCK-OUT.

An Attempt to Collect Borrowed Money Almost Results in a Suicide. CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 23.—Peter Nichols, locked-out iron maker, recently married, property to a man named O. M. Johnson for a loan of \$50. Thursday morning, when Johnson attempted to take possession, Mrs. Nichols ran into the cellar, grasped a hatchet, and struck her husband with it, inflicting a severe wound, declaring she would rather die than see her children robbed of their beds. The trouble is the result of the boxmaker's lock-out of seven months ago. Cut off from the means of earning a livelihood, his wife and four children, Nichols four months ago borrowed \$50 from Johnson. In the meantime he had paid back \$13.75. Since then Nichols had been sick in his family and had not been able to raise the money. After repeated days Johnson tried to enforce the payment by taking the furniture by writ from a magistrate's court. Owing to the condition of Mrs. Nichols the removal of the furniture has been deferred.

### "PEACEFULLY INCLINED" MINERS.

Adopt a New Way to Collect Old Debts in Montana. HELENA, M. T., Jan. 25.—A Herald special says the mining town of Gregory, M. T., is in a state of siege. Gregory, Minn., A. H. Child, D. V. Bach and Thomas L. West, all stockholders of the Gregory Mining company, announced their intention to close down the works, the financial condition of the company having arrived at such a condition as to make a suspension of operations imperative. On their intention becoming known the miners, who have two months' back pay due them, closed down the works and took the four stockholders into custody.

Sullivan and Child have since been released to come back to Helena to devise means for the payment of back wages, the other two gentlemen being held as hostages for their safe return. Meanwhile Gregory is in possession of the miners who, however, are peacefully inclined, and allow no disorderly proceedings.

No Soldiers Wanted. SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Jan. 25.—In the state labor convention Thursday a preamble was adopted, and returned to the executive committee, protesting against the proposed establishment of a military post at Chicago. A resolution was adopted asking congress to prohibit the coal monopoly, was also a resolution against the bill pending in the legislature to pension firemen, because it gives the chief too much power. A resolution declaring the report that there was a conflict between the K. of L. and the union was not true, and demanding its correction, was about to pass, when a statement of one of the reporters present caused the matter to be reconsidered and another resolution was adopted to the effect that the conflict between the K. of L. and the union was ended when the union label was adopted. After a lot of minor matters had been disposed of the convention adjourned sine die.

Will Desert the Knights. BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 28.—Disatisfied with the results of recent strikes under the management of the Knights of the tailors of this city to the number of about 3,000, declare their intention of leaving the order and forming an open union.

Do not forget the special sale of carpets at Archie Reid's this week.

### THE LEGISLATURE.

A Bill for the Appointment of a Commissioner of Mineral Statistics.

An Appropriation of \$200,000 for Science Hall at the State University.

A Committee for Re-Districting the State.

(Special to the Gazette.)

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 28, 1887.

IN THE SENATE. This morning a bill was introduced to provide for the appointment by the governor of a state commissioner of mineral statistics at a salary of \$5,000 a year, whose duty it shall be to visit the various mining regions in the state to inspect specimens of ores and publish one thousand copies of his reports, to be paid for out of his salary.

IN THE ASSEMBLY.

A bill was introduced to appropriate \$140,000 for the completion of Science Hall, at the university; and \$50 for equipment; also, a bill to pay John Sullivan \$5,000 for injuries received by the south wing of the Capitol building.

Both houses adjourned until Monday evening. A committee of six was appointed in the senate and twelve in the house, for redistricting the state in assembly and senatorial districts.

Careful attention to the diet is the best guard against disease. It is a fact which all should know, that over-eating not only corrupts the blood but destroys nerve force, and induces dyspepsia, jaundice, bad breath, piles, pimples, and liver troubles. Dr. J. C. New Discovery Tonic quickly cures the above diseases. Can be taken by the most delicate. Price fifty cents. Sold by Prentice & Evenson.

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—THE GAZETTE IS ONE OF THE LARGEST AND BEST DAILIES PUBLISHED IN THE STATE; THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE IS ONLY 12 CENTS A WEEK DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.

Statement of the Pennsylvania Railroad. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 28.—The December statement of the Pennsylvania Railroad company shows an increase of net earnings of \$8,981 for the lines east of Pittsburgh and Erie as compared with December, 1885. The lines west of Pittsburgh and Erie show for the year 1886, a surplus of \$53,737 over all liabilities, being an increase of \$1,122,711, as compared with 1885.

Mrs. Barton in Distress. ALBANY, Tex., Jan. 25.—Miss Clara Barton, president of the American National Red Cross, and her little girl, Mr. Hubbard, who accompanied her from New York, and has started under escort of the relief commission on an extended and careful observation of the country and people of the drought-stricken district.

Michigan to Vote on Prohibition. LANSING, Mich., Jan. 25.—The joint resolution submitting a prohibitory amendment to the constitution, was passed in the senate Thursday. The amendment will be submitted at the state election next April.

Rejected a Proposed Lease. NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The directors of the Northern Pacific Railroad company, at their meeting Thursday rejected the proposal to lease the Oregon Railway & Navigation company's property.

### THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27. Quotations on the board of trade were as follows: Wheat—No. 2, 1887, 1886, 1885, 1884, 1883, 1882, 1881, 1880, 1879, 1878, 1877, 1876, 1875, 1874, 1873, 1872, 1871, 1870, 1869, 1868, 1867, 1866, 1865, 1864, 1863, 1862, 1861, 1860, 1859, 1858, 1857, 1856, 1855, 1854, 1853, 1852, 1851, 1850, 1849, 1848, 1847, 1846, 1845, 1844, 1843, 1842, 1841, 1840, 1839, 1838, 1837, 1836, 1835, 1834, 1833, 1832, 1831, 1830, 1829, 1828, 1827, 1826, 1825, 1824, 1823, 1822, 1821, 1820, 1819, 1818, 1817, 1816, 1815, 1814, 1813, 1812, 1811, 1810, 1809, 1808, 1807, 1806, 1805, 1804, 1803, 1802, 1801, 1800, 1799, 1798, 1797, 1796, 1795, 1794, 1793, 1792, 1791, 1790, 1789, 1788, 1787, 1786, 1785, 1784, 1783, 1782, 1781, 1780, 1779, 1778, 1777, 1776, 1775, 1774, 1773, 1772, 1771, 1770, 1769, 1768, 1767, 1766, 1765, 1764, 1763, 1762, 1761, 1760, 1759, 1758, 1757, 1756, 1755, 1754, 1753, 1752, 1751, 1750, 1749, 1748, 1747, 1746, 1745, 1744, 1743, 1742, 1741, 1740, 1739, 1738, 1737, 1736, 1735, 1734, 1733, 1732, 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the most prompt measures against the plan of campaign. A section of the Liberal party, relying upon the support of the Irish members, he said, were wholly responsible for any success which the plan had obtained. Referring to foreign affairs, Lord Salisbury said the government had never pursued a policy aimed at the restoration of Prince Alexander to the throne of Bulgaria. On the contrary, the aim of the government had been the maintenance of peace. As to the possibility of war between France and Germany, Lord Salisbury said that so far as was known the relations between the two countries were friendly. Great Britain was actively peaceable. Gladstone in the house of commons, and Salisbury and Granville in the lords, united two into Lord Disraeli.

Dr. Beth Arnolds's Soothing and Quieting Cordial for children. Recommended by mothers and nurses 70c.

Edward Shepherd, of BARBERSHURST, says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or I was amputated. I tried, instead, this bottle of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25 cents per box, by Frank Sherar & Co.

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